

2008 MAR 12 AM 4:49

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SEVENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE SEGMENTY OF STATE REGULAR SESSION, 2008

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

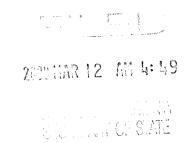
FOR

ENROLLED

Senate Bill No. 145

(Senators Love, Green, Prezioso, Sypolt, Boley, Unger, Jenkins, Bowman, Tomblin, Mr. President, Plymale, Kessler, Chafin, Wells, Oliverio, Guills, Facemyer, McKenzie, Edgell, Foster, Deem, Fanning, Barnes, McCabe, Caruth, Hunter, Helmick, Bailey, Yoder, Sharpe, Minard, White, Stollings, Hall and Sprouse, original sponsors)

[Passed February 28, 2008; in effect from passage.]



ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 145

(Senators Love, Green, Prezioso, Sypolt, Boley, Unger, Jenkins, Bowman, Tomblin, Mr. President, Plymale, Kessler, Chafin, Wells, Oliverio, Guills, Facemyer, McKenzie, Edgell, Foster, Deem, Fanning, Barnes, McCabe, Caruth, Hunter, Helmick, Bailey, Yoder, Sharpe, Minard, White, Stollings, Hall and Sprouse, original sponsors)

[Passed February 28, 2008; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §55-7-22 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to clarifying that reasonable and proportionate force may be used to protect

one's self or another from an intruder or attacker while lawfully in one's residence or that of another; codifying the common law doctrine that a lawful occupant within a home or residence has no duty to retreat from an intruder or attacker; clarifying that the use of reasonable and proportionate force, including deadly force, may be used against an intruder or attacker by one not engaged in unlawful activity in any place other than a home or residence where the person reasonably believes the intruder or attacker intends to kill or inflict serious bodily harm; establishing that use of reasonable and proportionate force to defend oneself is a full and complete defense civilly to an action brought by an intruder or attacker based upon the use of such force; and exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §55-7-22 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

§55-7-22. Civil relief for persons resisting certain criminal activities.

- 1 (a) A lawful occupant within a home or other place of
- 2 residence is justified in using reasonable and
- 3 proportionate force, including deadly force, against an
- 4 intruder or attacker to prevent a forcible entry into the
- 5 home or residence or to terminate the intruder's or
- 6 attacker's unlawful entry if the occupant reasonably
- 7 apprehends that the intruder or attacker may kill or
- 8 inflict serious bodily harm upon the occupant or others
- 9 in the home or residence or if the occupant reasonably
- 10 believes that the intruder or attacker intends to commit
- 11 a felony in the home or residence and the occupant

- 12 reasonably believes deadly force is necessary.
- 13 (b) A lawful occupant within a home or other place of
- 14 residence does not have a duty to retreat from an
- 15 intruder or attacker in the circumstances described in
- 16 subsection (a) of this section.
- 17 (c) A person not engaged in unlawful activity who is
- 18 attacked in any place he or she has a legal right to be
- 19 outside of his or her home or residence may use
- 20 reasonable and proportionate force against an intruder
- 21 or attacker: *Provided*, That such person may use deadly
- 22 force against an intruder or attacker in a place that is
- 23 not his or her residence without a duty to retreat if the
- 24 person reasonably believes that he or she or another is
- 25 in imminent danger of death or serious bodily harm
- 26 from which he or she or another can only be saved by
- 27 the use of deadly force against the intruder or attacker.
- 28 (d) The justified use of reasonable and proportionate
- 29 force under this section shall constitute a full and
- 30 complete defense to any civil action brought by an
- intruder or attacker against a person using such force.
- 32 (e) The full and complete civil defense created by the
- 33 provisions of this section is not available to a person
- 34 who:
- 35 (1) Is attempting to commit, committing or escaping
- 36 from the commission of a felony;
- 37 (2) Initially provokes the use of force against himself,
- 38 herself or another with the intent to use such force as an
- 39 excuse to inflict bodily harm upon the assailant; or

Enr. Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 145] 4

- 40 (3) Otherwise initially provokes the use of force
- 41 against himself, herself or another, unless he or she
- 42 withdraws from physical contact with the assailant and
- 43 indicates clearly to the assailant that he or she desires
- 44 to withdraw and terminate the use of force, but the
- assailant continues or resumes the use of force.
- 46 (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to the
- 47 creation of a hazardous or dangerous condition on or in
- 48 any real or personal property designed to prevent
- 49 criminal conduct or cause injury to a person engaging in
- 50 criminal conduct.
- 51 (g) Nothing in this section shall authorize or justify a
- 52 person to resist or obstruct a law-enforcement officer
- acting in the course of his or her duty.

5 [Enr. Com. Sub for S. B. No. 145

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled. Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee Originated in the Senate. In effect from passage. Clerk of the Senate Clerk of the House of Delegates President of the Senate Speaker House of Delegates The within As. Uppl/Ml. the 12th. Day of ... I Mul

